

# AV Fistula US Technologist Worksheet

**St Vincents**   Riverside   Southside   Clay   St Johns   Imaging Center   Arlington ER   Westside ER  
**Optimal**   Forbes   Southside   Clay   Mandarin   Westside   St Johns   Town Center   Orange Park

Patient Name: \_\_\_\_\_ MMI: \_\_\_\_\_ Age: \_\_\_\_\_

History/Symptoms: \_\_\_\_\_

AV Fistula Anatomy: \_\_\_\_\_ Date Fistula Created: \_\_\_\_\_

<i>For all indications:</i>	1st Measurement	2nd Measurement	3rd Measurement
<b>Arterial Flow Volumes</b> (mL/min)			
<b>Venous Flow Volumes</b> (mL/min)			

**Signs of mature AV fistula:** flow volume  $\geq 500-600$  mL/min.

**Signs of >50% stenosis include:** draining vein flow volume  $< 600$  mL/min or  $\geq 25\%$  decrease compared to prior.

	<i>For all indications:</i>		<i>Only for maturity indication:</i>	
	PSV (cm/sec)		Diameter (mm)	Vessel Depth (mm)
<b>Artery 2 cm Proximal to Anastomosis</b>				<i>not applicable</i>
<b>At Artery/Vein Anastomosis</b>			<i>not applicable</i>	<i>not applicable</i>
<b>Vein 5 cm From Anastomosis (Proximal)</b>				
<b>Vein 10 cm From Anastomosis (Mid)</b>				
<b>Vein 15 cm From Anastomosis (Distal)</b>				

**Signs of mature AV fistula:** Vein diameter  $\geq 4-6$  mm, vein  $\leq 6$  mm below skin surface.

**Signs of >50% stenosis include:**  $> 50\%$  luminal narrowing at grayscale imaging, peak velocity  $> 400-500$  cm/sec at stenosis; velocity ratio  $> 3.0$  AVF anastomosis or  $> 2.0$  draining vein.

*For all indications:*

DVT	Subclavian / Common Femoral Vein	None	Nonocclusive	Occlusive	Chronic
	Axillary / Femoral Vein	None	Nonocclusive	Occlusive	Chronic
	Brachial / Popliteal Veins	None	Nonocclusive	Occlusive	Chronic

*For all indications document diameter & distance from anastomosis of any accessory veins extending off the draining vein:*

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

Sonographer's Impression: \_\_\_\_\_

Sonographer's Name, Date & Time: \_\_\_\_\_ # Images \_\_\_\_\_